TUBERCULOSIS & RESPIRATORY DISEASES/PULMONARY MEDICINE

PAPER - III

RPD/D/14/42/III

Time : 3 hours
Max. Marks : 100
Important instructions:

- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.

Write short notes on:

| 1. | BCG vaccination for prophylaxis of tuberculosis. | 10 |
|----|---|---------|
| 2. | Define MDR & XDR-TB. Briefly discuss important causes of such resistant cases. | (2+2)+6 |
| 3. | What is Obstructive Sleep Apnoea (OSA) & Obstructive Sleep Apnoea Syndrome (OSAS)? What are the medical treatment modalities available for them? Briefly describe role of CPAP therapy in these conditions. | 3+3+4 |
| 4. | Discuss predictors of success and failure of non-invasive ventilation. | 5+5 |
| 5. | What are the causes of acquired neuromuscular weakness in critically ill? Discuss its diagnosis and management. | 4+(3+3) |
| 6. | What is Patient Ventilator Asynchrony? How will you manage it? | 3+7 |
| 7. | Enumerate causes of obesity hypoventilation syndrome. Discuss briefly approach to its management. | 3+7 |
| 8. | Pathophysiology and prevention of ventilator induced lung injury (VILI). | 7+3 |
| 9. | Mimics of acute asthma & how will you differentiate them from bronchial asthma? | 5+5 |
| 10 | What is Latent Tubercular Infection (LTBI)? How is it diagnosed? Analyze critically relevance of its treatment in India. | 2+3+5 |
